CONSERVATION ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITY

CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

E666S

Facilitating longleaf pine regeneration and establishment

Conservation Practice 666: Forest Stand Improvement

APPLICABLE LAND USE: Forest, Associated Ag Land

RESOURCE CONCERN: Plants, Animals

ENHANCEMENT LIFE SPAN: 10 Years

Enhancement Description

Facilitate longleaf pine regeneration and establishment following a forest stand improvement treatment for natural regeneration (e.g., a regeneration cut), or where longleaf has been previously planted. After a regeneration cut or a planting, competition from invasive brush and undesirable tree and shrub species often suppresses successful establishment of longleaf pine. This enhancement will release seedling and sapling longleaf from competing invasive plants and other undesirable species. A forester will monitor site conditions, treat competition, protect seedlings, and recommend additional follow-up treatments as needed. The enhancement protects investments in longleaf pine regeneration and establishment by providing for follow-up activities that require the expertise of a professional forester.

Criteria

States will apply general criteria from the NRCS National Conservation Practice Standard Forest Stand Improvement (Code 666) as listed below, and additional criteria as required by the NRCS State Office.

• Develop or update a forest management plan (FMP) in consultation with NRCS personnel and a professional forester to direct the management of the property. The FMP will include guidelines for the amount of advanced longleaf pine regeneration needed to achieve the desired future condition. It will describe the types of competition or other stressors that threaten longleaf survival and recruitment in the area, and recommend facilitating controls such as prescribed burning, chemical, and mechanical treatments to achieve desired outcomes. The FMP will also include guidelines for future inspection and monitoring, types of forest health impacts or stand damage to look for during inspections, and potential supplementary activities that may be needed to achieve longleaf establishment and recruitment.

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- stands that have already had a seed tree, shelterwood, thinning, or other silvicultural treatment designed to regenerate longleaf pine. The stands must contain an adequate amount of longleaf regeneration or planted trees in the seedling and/or sapling stages, sufficient to achieve stand objectives if they survive and become fully established. The stands must also have evidence that the longleaf regeneration is not "free to grow" due to the presence of competing species. This enhancement is not appropriate for stands that have reached the pole timber size class because they are considered fully established at that point and stand management activities will be different.
- A forestry specialist will inspect the stand and identify existing or potential species of harmful insects, tree diseases, and invasive plants, as well as other biotic and abiotic (i.e. ice storms, drought, flooding, etc.) impacts on forest growth, health, structure and/or composition.
- A forestry specialist will conduct regeneration surveys according to methods described in the NRCS National Forestry Handbook, Title 190, Section 636.2.
- The forestry specialist will make recommendations for short-term treatments as needed. A skilled laborer will implement appropriate activities such as applying mechanical and spot chemical treatments.
- In appropriate settings, prescribed burning may be used to control vegetative competition after longleaf root systems are sufficiently established to re-sprout after a fire. With the recommendation of a forestry specialist, use NRCS Conservation Practice Standard Prescribed Burning (Code 338), or CSP Enhancement E338B, Short-interval burn.
- The forestry specialist will recommend additional practices as needed to correct undesirable forest health conditions. Practices may include: NRCS Conservation Practice Standards Integrated Pest Management (Code 595), Brush Management (Code 314), Herbaceous Weed Control (Code 315), etc..
- Forest stands lacking sufficient longleaf regeneration may need an enrichment planting of longleaf. Use NRCS Conservation Practice Standard Tree and Shrub Establishment (Code 612). Prescribed burning may not be appropriate where trees





have been recently planted.



<u>Documentation and Implementation Requirements:</u>

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Participant will:

- Y Prior to implementation, the participant will obtain a new or updated Forest Management Plan (FMP) that includes activities required to implement this enhancement. The FMP will identify regeneration needs, competition that impedes longleaf regeneration and recruitment, other forest health concerns, and activities recommended for implementation. The participant will make the FMP available for NRCS review.
- Y Prior to implementation, arrange for a forestry specialist to inspect the stand and perform the tasks identified in this enhancement.
- Prior to implementation, review the NRCS Conservation Practice Standard Forest Stand Improvement (Code 666) conservation practice standard and other applicable implementation documentation and use the information to meet the criteria of this enhancement.
- Y During implementation, the participant and the forestry specialist will ensure that regenerating longleaf trees are protected from any damage.
- Y During implementation, notify NRCS if there are any planned changes, to verify they meet the enhancement criteria.
- After implementation, notify NRCS that the work has been completed and make the following information available to NRCS: dates that inspection was conducted, methods used, and the treatments applied to remove competition and protect young longleafs.

NRCS will:

- Prior to implementation, verify the enhancement activity is planned for acres that meet the criteria within the enhancement guide sheet. Verify that a forest stand improvement treatment to initiate longleaf regeneration, or longleaf planting, was previously applied, that regenerating seedling and/or sapling longleaf pines are present, and that longleaf survival is threatened by competing species and/or other environmental stressors.
- Y Prior to implementation, provide assistance with interpretation of a new or updated FMP on acres targeted by this enhancement.
- Y Prior to implementation, provide and explain the following NRCS Conservation Practice Standards as they relate to implementing this enhancement:
 - Forest Stand Improvement (Code 666)

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- Integrated Pest Management (Code 595)
- Prescribed Burning (Code 338)
- Brush Management (Code 314)
- Herbaceous Weed Control (Code 315)
- Tree /Shrub Establishment (Code 612)
- Tree/Shrub Site Preparation (Code 490)
- Υ As needed, prior to implementation, NRCS will provide technical assistance by:
 - Preparing specifications for applying this enhancement for each site using approved guide sheets, implementation requirements, technical notes, and narrative statements in the conservation plan, or other acceptable documentation, and discussing the details with the participant.

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- Providing methods for conducting regeneration surveys.
- Y During implementation, provide technical assistance if requested by the participant.
- Y During implementation, as needed, evaluate any planned changes to verify they meet the enhancement criteria.
- Y After implementation, certify that the enhancement was completed according to the NRCS Conservation Practice Standard Forest Stand Improvement (CPS 666) specifications and the enhancement criteria.

NRCS Documentation Review:

I have reviewed all required participant documentation and have determined the participant has implemented the enhancement and met all criteria and requirements.

Participant Name	Contrac <mark>t Number</mark>	
Total Amount Applied	Fiscal Year Com <mark>pleted</mark>	
NRCS Technical Adequacy Signature	Date	

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