

Seasonal **High Tunnel**

A high tunnel can improve plant health, extend the growing season, and allow you to grow warm-season crops.

What is a high tunnel?

High tunnels are enclosed polyethylene, polycarbonate (plastic), or fabric covered structures used to cover plants to extend the growing season.

What are the benefits of a high tunnel?

High tunnels provide an intermediate level of environmental protection and control compared to open field conditions and heated greenhouses. They create a micro-climate inside the tunnel that raises the temperature and protects crops from potentially damaging weather. Overall, high tunnels provide an energy-efficient way to extend the growing season, reduce or avoid use of pesticides, and reduce runoff and leaching of nitrogen into the soil.

What are high tunnels made of?

The frame can either be metal or wood. Polyethylene covers must be UV (ultraviolet light) protected. High tunnels are usually covered with a single layer of plastic and are passively-ventilated using roll-up side and end walls which can be opened or removed.





FAQ



Conservation **Planning**

If you're interested in installing a high tunnel, the first step is to develop a conservation plan with the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). A certified conservation planner will visit your property and assess the condition of the soil, water, habitat, plants and other natural resources on your operation. Your conservation plan will recommend actions to improve any natural resource concerns on the property. A high tunnel is one of many NRCS conservation practices that may be recommended in your conservation plan to improve plant health and vigor.



IDAHO Natural Resources Conservation Service

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Eligibility

The High Tunnel System is a conservation practice funded through the Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP).

If you can answer yes to the following, you may be eligible for EQIP:

- Do you have a social security number or employer identification number issued by the IRS?
- Will you maintain control of your land for the entire span of the proposed NRCS contract? Land control/ownership can be documented as a deed, lease, or another form of evidence.
- Is your adjusted gross income less than \$900.000?
- If you're an entity, do you have signature authority to make management decisions on the land?
- Is your land used for agriculture, such as cropland, rangeland, grassland, pasture or nonindustrial private forest land?
- Is your land in compliance with Highly Erodible Land and wetland conservation provisions? Check with your local NRCS field office.
- If the work you want to do with NRCS involves water, can you prove your water right (or willing to apply for water rights)?
- Do you have an interest in the agricultural or forestry operation on your land?

Are high tunnels the same as greenhouses?

No. Greenhouses usually contain heaters and the plants inside them are grown in containers such as pots and trays. High tunnels don't use heaters and the plants inside them grow directly in the ground in the natural soil profile. Unlike greenhouses, high tunnel systems are seasonal and are considered temporary structures.

How are crops grown in a high tunnel?

Crops must be grown in the natural soil profile or by installing permanent raised beds up to 12 inches in depth/height. Crops may not be grown on tables or benches, in pots, or hydroponically, for the NRCS conservation practice.

Can I design my own high tunnel?

No. To receive financial assistance from NRCS, you must purchase a high tunnel kit, also called a manufactured high tunnel, from a commercial source. You may install a commercially-obtained kit yourself.

What is a "manufactured" high tunnel?

The NRCS High Tunnel conservation practice requires a manufactured high tunnel obtained from a commercial source. These structures are sold as kits and generally contain all of the required materials and hardware to erect the structure except for the lumber needed for baseboards and end walls. Individual kits vary by supplier and manufacturer. High tunnels must be planned, designed and constructed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Not all manufactured kits meet NRCS specifications. See the NRCS Implementation Requirements Sheet for more information.

What are the structure requirements for a high tunnel?

The high tunnel must be planned, designed and constructed from a manufactured kit following the manufacturers' recommendations. The NRCS 325 practice standard, implementation requirements, and guidance documents must also be followed for proper installation and operation and maintenance. Any claims made by a vendor that their product meets NRCS standards and specifications should be verified with your local NRCS field office. NRCS does not endorse any product, company or brand of high tunnel.

Can I install a used high tunnel?

No. NRCS prohibits the use of used materials for constructing a high tunnel.

What is the life span of a high tunnel?

5 years according to the NRCS conservation practice standard for the plastic covering; however if maintained properly, high tunnels may continue to function longer.

Is there a size limit for the high tunnel system?

No. There is no maximum size limit to the high tunnel system, but there is a minimum height requirement of 6-feet at the peak of the structure.

Can I install electricity to power heating or cooling units in the high tunnel system?

Yes, but NRCS financial assistance is provided only for the structure itself. Electricity, venting systems, lighting etc. can be installed providing the additions meets manufacturer's designs and specifications. However, the grower is responsible for those costs.

Can I leave the high tunnel up all year?

NRCS strongly recommends that the plastic high tunnel cover be removed after each growing season to prevent the structure from collapsing under extreme snow loads. Management of the high tunnel will depend on climatic conditions. Consult the manufacture's specifications and climate condition management in your area.

Am I responsible for repairing damages to the high tunnel?

Yes. Your NRCS conservation plan specifies that you must maintain the high tunnel for 5 years and replace any damaged parts at your own cost. You are responsible for repair or replacement of a high tunnel damaged by ice, snow, wind, fire, flood, animals, or other causes. Failure to do so may result in termination of your contract and payback of liquidated damages.

Are there limitations on where I can install a high tunnel system?

Since the high tunnel conservation practice is used to treat a natural resource concern, it must be placed on land where crops are growing in the natural soil profile, and where there is a demonstrated resource concern. Crops must have been growing in the soil for at least one growing season so that NRCS may identify and document any resource concerns associated with that cropland. The maximum ground slope allowed is 5 percent.

What can't a high tunnel be used for?

High Tunnels may not be used for, but may not be limited to:

- · Growing crops on benches or in pots
- Producing a substance that is federally restricted, such as marijuana.
- Livestock or poultry production
- Storage of equipment, furniture or supplies.

If I already have a high tunnel, can I apply for another one?

Yes, but only if the additional high tunnel would be placed in a separate growing area (not the same location as an existing high tunnel or replacing a current high tunnel) and if there is a demonstrated natural resource concern on the site. The high tunnel must be included in your conservation plan.

Related Conservation **Practices**

Many Idaho growers who install a high tunnel with NRCS also adopt other conservation practices to improve soil health and water management. Ask your conservation planner about these related practices that may work well with a high tunnel system:

- **Nutrient Management**
- **Irrigation Water Management**
- Micro-Irrigation
- · Pollinator Habitat
- **Crop Rotation**



Contact:

Deei Brown

NRCS Idaho State Urban & Small **Acreage Conservationist**

Phone: 208-244-3730

Email: deborah.brown2@usda.gov

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