Notice of the Naming and Release of 'San Luis' Slender Wheatgrass (Agropyron trachycaulum)

THE

UPPER COLORADO ENVIRONMENTAL PLANT CENTER
AND THE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
AND THE

COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
AND THE

UTAH STATE UNIVERSITY AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
AND THE

NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION AND THE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE
ANNOUNCE

The naming and release of 'San Luis' slender wheatgrass [Agropyron trachycaulum (Link) Malte.] for commercial production and marketing of seed. This strain was selected for rapid establishment of perennial cover on disturbed mountain sites.

Scientific Name: Agropyron trachycaulum (Link) Malte.

Common Name: slender wheatgrass

Cultivar Name: 'San Luis'

Other Identification Numbers: EPC-99, T-37032 PI-483079

Origin: The original seed collection was made by Glenn Niner, August 17, 1975, five miles east along North 10 Mile road near Center, in the San Luis Valley, Rio Grande County, Colorado at 2,280 m (7,500 ft) elevation.

Description and Occurrence: (Agropyron trachycaulum) species is generally described as an erect, tufted perennial bunchgrass ranging in height from 50 to 100 cm. Native to North America, the species range extends from Alaska to Mexico; Missouri to West Virginia. In Colorado, slender wheatgrass is widely distributed over the State, particulary the western three-fourths, at 1,370 m (4,500 ft) to 3,650 m (12,000 ft) elevation.

Slender wheatgrass occurs on moist to dry sites with moderate to high tolerance to alkaline soil conditions (pH 8.8). Tolerance ranges from 11 to 16 mmhos/cm depending on environmental conditions and ecotype. The salinity tolerance of 'San Luis' has not be determined.

A detailed botanical description of the species is contained on pages 68-69 in "Manual of the Plants of Colorado" by H. D. Harrington.

'San Luis' has longer seed heads and is taller than most other native slender wheatgrass in test plots. It is comparable to 'Primar' in height.

Slender wheatgrass plants are generally relatively short-lived, 3-5 years. However, 'San Luis' is longer-lived than most accessions tested. Good stands remain after 7 years on irrigated and dryland plots at Meeker, Colorado. 'San Luis' was equal or superior to all other accessions for seedling establishment.

<u>Development</u>: 'San Luis' slender wheatgrass was tested in two initial screening trials at the Environmental Plant Center in Meeker, Colorado: one irrigated and one dryland. It was also tested on one off-center site (Climax) at 3,360 m (11,200 ft) near Leadville, Colorado.

Seed from the initial collection was used to establish a seed increase block in 1981 at the Meeker Center, and off-type plants were removed. This block will be designated as the breeders seed block.

<u>Use</u>: 'San Luis' was selected for outstanding establishment and longevity of stand. It has shown good performance on a wide range of climatic conditions and fills the need for a rapid establishing native grass on disturbed sites at higher elevations.

Because of its rapid establishment, good emergence success, and spreading ability by seed, 'San Luis' is an excellent grass species for erosion control. In seed mixes containing long-lived or slower developing species, 'San Luis' will be prominent initially, but will become secondary as other species become established. Its high biomass production indicates good soil building potential.

Slender wheatgrass is considered good quality hay and pasture. Together with other wheatgrasses, it is among the preferred foods of big horn sheep and elk at higher elevations.

'San Luis' is recommended for use for soil stabilization on slopes and disturbed sites above 1,829 m (6,000 ft.) elevation; receiving 35 cm (14 inches) or more average annual precipitation. It is recommended for ski slopes, transmission and pipeline corridors, mined land reclamation, and road side seedings. It may also be used at lower elevation where rainfall is adequate.

<u>Area of Adaptation</u>: Original seed source is from 2,280 m (7,500 ft) elevation, high dry mountain park site in southern Colorado. It has shown long-lived adaptation in northwestern Colorado at 2,000 m (6,200 ft) elevation and central Colorado at 3,400 m (11,200 ft) elevation.

Based on these observations and species characteristics, 'San Luis' is recommended for use in MLRAs 48, 49, 51, 39, 34B, and 47. It also has potential in MLRA 36 (WP-1) at elevation above 2,286 m (7,500 ft).

Seed Characteristics and Production: 'San Luis' is slightly later maturing than 'Primar' slender wheatgrass. Seed-shatter rated generally light. There have been no problems with head smut or powdery mildew at Meeker, Colorado.

Seed yields from .11-acre plot were equivalent to 373 lbs/acre in 1982 and 381 lbs/acre in 1983. At Meeker, seed was direct combined harvested August 6, 1982 and August 8, 1983.

Increase and Distribution: Slender wheatgrass is a highly self fertile species. Recognized seed classes of 'San Luis' will be: Breeders, Foundation, Registered, and Certified. Breeders seed will be maintained by the Upper Colorado Environmental Plant Center, Meeker, Colorado. Foundation seed will be available to seed growers through the Colorado Seed Growers Association. Interested seed growers should contact the Colorado Seed Growers Association, Soil Conservation Service or local Soil Conservation District for seed allocations.

Irvin Clapper President Administrative Board Upper Colorado Environmental Plant Center	Date: 2 - 16 - 84
Sheldon G. Boone State Conservationist Soil Conservation Service, Colorado	Date: 2-1-84
Dr. Donal D. Johnson, Deputy Director Agricultural Experiment Station Colorado State University	Date: 2-22-84
Dr. Doyle J. Matthews, Director Agricultural Experiment Station Utah State University	Date: 2-26-84
Dr. Merle H. Niehaus Acting Director Agricultural Experiment Station New Mexico State University	Date: 5-14-84
Dr. R. D. Plowman Area Director Agricultural Research Service	Date: 3/26/84
Dr. Thomas N. Shiflet, Director Ecological Sciences & Technology Division Soil Conservation Service, Washington, D.C.	Date: 5/22/84

Appendix

Summary of Slender Wheatgrass Evaluations and Test Data

Below is information from three trials evaluating the performance of 'San Luis' slender wheatgrass [Agropyron trachycaulum (Link) Malte] with other accessions. 'San Luis' rated equal to or better in stand establishment in all trials and showed good production of forage and seed. It also was long-lived.

Project 7606
Direct Seeding Irrigated Grasses

Introduction: Project 7606 contained 47 accessions of (Agropyron trachycaulum) and included accessions from Canada, Hungary, Germany, USSR, Alaska, New Mexico, Nevada, Oregon, California, Utah, Wyoming and Colorado. This was an initial evaluation project seeded September, 1976. 'Primar' slender wheatgrass was included as a standard.

Methods: Each plot is 20 feet long and row spacing is 36 inches. These plots were sprinkler irrigated and emergence rated the fall of 1976. Evaluations data were recorded on emergence stand, vigor, height production and maturity. Light irrigations were applied 1977 to 1981.

Results: Table 1 contains a summary by years of recorded data on: (1) stand, (2) vigor, and (3) forage production. Emergence was rated in 1976 and only vigor was recorded in 1979, (see Table 1.) Note: Different rating scales were used during the life of the project. In 1979 and beyond, only the better accessions were evaluated.

Project 7604 Direct Seeding Dryland Grasses

Introduction: Project 7604 contains 9 accessions of (Agropyron trachycaulum.) 'Primar' slender wheatgrass was included as a standard and the other accessions originated from collections in Colorado and New Mexico. This project was seeded April 1976.

Methods: The plots were 20 feet long and row spacing was 24 inches. The planting was seeded April 14, 1976. Soil moisture was good. However, the spring was dry and the seeding was spinkler irrigated one time June 4, 1976. Some emergence was noted June 2, 1976. It then snowed 8 inches on June 14, 1976 and temperature dipped to 16° F.

Results: Table 2 contain a summary of evaluation notes recorded in 1976, 1977, 1979, 1980, and 1981. Some adjustments have been made from original notes to show all ratings on the same scale.

Project 7711 Amax Mine Field Evaluation Planting Climax, Colorado

<u>Introduction</u>: Project 7711 was seeded July, 1977 and contains five accessions of slender wheatgrass (<u>Agropyron trachycaulum</u>). These accessions were selected from initial evaluations at Meeker as having good potential for high elevation use. These plots are located at 11,200 feet elevation on a disturbed subsoil site.

Methods: Grass species were planted July 11, 1977 by hand dribbling seed through a Planet Jr. hand seeder in 20 foot rows. Row spacing was 24 inches. The planting was maintained on natural precipitation. Evaluations were made annually on stand, vigor and height.

Results: Table 3 contains a summary of stand and vigor ratings recorded 1977 to 1981.

Table 4 shows a comparative summary of the top performing accessions where they were planted in all three projects. Some adjustments in rating systems have been made to accommodate the different systems used between years and projects.

Table 1 - Summary of Agropyron trachycaulum Entries in the 7606 Initial Evaluation Planting Irrigated Plot Seeded September 1976

D=-			1976		1977			1978		1979		1980 4/			1981 4	,
Row			2/	74	2/	2/ Prod	Z	3/	3/	3/	3/ Stand	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/
Plot	Acc or Var	Origin	Emerg.	Stand	VIgor	Prod	Stand	VIgor	Prod	Vigor	Stand	VIgor	Prod	Stand	VIgor	Prod
36 20 19 18 17	Primar C-25 San Luis EPC-119	Montana Colorado Colorado Colorado	2 5 1 1	75 5 90 90	3 2 3	4 3 3	100 0 100 100	2 - 1 2 2	2 - 2 4 4	4 4 4	1 - 1 1	4 4 4	4 4 4	1 1 1 1	4 4 4	4 4 5 5
16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 37 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	EPO-139 EPO-173 EPC-259 EPC-282 NM-589 PI-183009 PI-232152 PI-232155 PI-232156 PI-232156 PI-232157 PI-232160 PI-232161 PI-232161 PI-232162 PI-232163 PI-232164 PI-232165 PI-232167 PI-232169 PI-232169 PI-232171 PI-232172 PI-232171	Colorado Colorado Colorado Colorado Colorado New Mezico Canada California Oregon Nevada Nevada Nevada Utah Utah Utah Utah Utah Utah Utah Uta	21255253353253555555455555	90 90 85 40 0 55 55 45 45 45 5 40 0 0 0 3 5 5 25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3224 3 33 2432 433 33	3334-4-44-3444	100 100 100 90 90 100 100 100 100 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 9	223332222114232111333144111	434443333331443311134413411	444444	1 1 1 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	444400041141111111111111111111111111111	4444111411411111111111111111	1 1 1 2 2	444411141141111111111111111111111111111	5445 4 5 4 4
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	PI-232174 PI-232175 PI-232175 PI-232177 PI-232179 PI-232180 PI-232181 PI-232182	Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Montana Montana	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	0 0 0 5 0 20 0	3 4 -	4	2000	4 5 -	7					- - 1 - 1		4
20 21 22 38 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2	PI-232183 PI-232184 PI-232185 PI-236700 PI-236701 PI-236702 PI-236703 PI-236705 PI-236706 PI-236706 PI-236707 PI-236710 PI-236711 PI-236712 PI-236715 PI-236715 PI-236716 PI-236717 PI-236717 PI-236717 PI-236718 PI-236719 PI-236719 PI-236719 PI-236719	Montana Montana Wyoming Canada	3343455555555555552253453	55 30 35 50 40 0 0 15 0 0 70 2 65 55 10 5 5 5 6 40 6 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 6 7 7 8 7 8	44434 4	44434334444444-4444	90 80 70 100 0 0 0 0 0 100 100 30 30 20 100 90 70 70	3332211211433232333323214	533231131143433334524436	444111111111111111111111111111111111111	1 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	44444	1 1 4 4 1 4 1 1 1 4 4 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 2	1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1 1 4 1 4 1 5 5 1 1 4 4 4 4 5 1 1 1 1 1

⁰⁼No Plants

^{1/} Var. unilaterate
2/ Rating l=Excellent 5=Very Poor
3/ Rating l=Excellent 9=Very Poor
4/ Only the better stands were evaluated.

Table 1 (Cont.)

Row			1976		1977			1978		1979					1981 4/		
			2/	X	2/	2/	X	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	
Plot	Acc or Var	Origin	Emerg.	Stand	Vigor	Prod	Stand	Vigor	Prod	Vigor	Stand	VIgor	Prod	Stand	VIgor	Prod	
39 1	PI-236721	Canada	3	50	4	4	100	5	4	_	_	_		_	_		
39 1			,	55	7		80	3	6		1 7 1				_	_	
2	PI-236722	Canada	4	55	4	4	90	3	2	_		-		_	_	_	
ا د	PI-236723	Canada	4	22	4	4			2		-	-		-		_	
4	PI-236724	Canada] ? [2	4	4	40	4	4	_	- 1	-	-	_	-	_	
5	PI-236725	Canada	4	65	3	4	100	3	3	-		-	_	_	-	-	
6	PI-236726	Canada	5	0	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	_	
7	PI-236727	Canada	3	45	4	4	90	5	5	-	-	-	-	-		_	
8	PI-232728	Canada] 2	55	4	4	90	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	
9	PI-276711	Hungary	5	0	-	-	0	-	_	-	-		-	- ,	-	-	
10	PI-281864	Germany	4	10	4	4	90	3	3	5	2	4	4	1 1	4	5	
11	PI-281865	Germany	3	60	3	3	100	3	4	5	1	4	4	1	4	5	
12	PI-315368	USSR	2	70	2	2	100	3	4	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
13	PI-315494	USSR	2	65	3	3	100	3	3	5	1	4	4	1	4	5	
14	PI-345588	USSR	2	80	3	4	100	4	4	5	1	4	4	1	4	5	
15	PI-371694	Alaska	1 1	80	3	4	100	4	4	5	1	4	4	-	-	-	
16	PI-371695	Alaska	2	60	4	4	100	3	4	5	1	4	4	- 1	1-1	-	
17	PI-372643	Alaska	3	60	4	4	80	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
18	PI-372645	Alaska	2	85	3	4	90	4	6	-	- 1	-	-	- 1	-	_	
19	PI-372646	Alaska	2	65	4	4	90	4	6	-	- 1	-		- 1	-	=	
20	PI-372647	Alaska	3	60	4	4	90	3	6	_		-	-	-	-	_	
21	PI-372648	Alaska	ĺžĺ	65	4	4	90	5	6	-	_	-	-	- 1	1-1	_	
. 22	PI-371698 1/		2	70	4	4	90	5	6	_	3	.5	6	_ 1	-	-	
40 22	PI-372650 T/		2	60	3	4	100	3	3	_	2	5	5	2	4	5	

1/ Var. unilaterate
2/ Rating l=Excellent 5=Very Poor
3/ Rating l=Excellent 9=Very Poor
4/ Only the better stands were evaluated. 0=No Plants

Table 2 - Summary of Agropyron trachycaulum Entried in the 7604 Initial Evaluation Planting Dryland Plots Seeded April 1976

			1976		1977			1979			1980		1981		
Row			%	%	1/	2/	%	1/	2/	%	1/	2/	%	1/	2/
No.	Acc or Var	Origin	Stand	Stand	Vigor	Prod									
83	Primar	Montana	60	10	4	4	75	2	5	85	2	4	85	2	4
85	San Luis	Colorado	75	100	3	3	95	2	5	95	2	4	95	2	4
84	C-25	**	0	90	2	3	85	2	5	85	2	4	-	-	-
85	EPC-119	**	50	90	3	3	85	2	5	85	2	4	95	2	4
87	EPC-139	**	50	90	3	3	85	2	5	85	2	4	95	2	4
88	EPC-173	"	30	80	4	4	85	2	5	85	2	4	95	2	4
89	EPC-259	**	35	80	2	2	75	2	5	65	2	5	-	-	-
90	EPC-282	**	5	-	-	-	85	2	5	75	2	5	-	-	-
91	EPC-589	New Mexico	5	-	-	-	55	3	5	65	2	5	75	2	5

5=Very Poor

 $\frac{1}{2}$ l=Excellent $\frac{1}{2}$ l=Excellent

9=Very Poor

Table 3 - Summary of Agropyron trachycaulum Species in 1977 Climax Field Evaluation Planting
Planted July 11, 1977

Acc or Var	Origin	1977 1/		1978 1/		19	79 1/	19	80 1/	1981 1/	
-		Stand	Vigor	Stand	Vigor	Stand	Vigor	Stand	Vigor	Stand	Vigor
Primar San Luis EPC-119 EPC-173 EPC-819	Montana Colorado " "	2 2 3 2 3	5 2 2 6 5	5 2 2 9 2	3 2 3 8 4	9 3 2 - 3	8 3 - 4	- 6 6 - 2 <u>2</u> /	3 2 - 2	9 4 3 - 3	6 4 4 - 3

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ / l=Excellent 9=Very Poor $\frac{2}{2}$ / New seedlings invaded plot row.

Table 4 - Summary-Comparison of Stands and Vigor Ratings for Outstanding Accessions In All Trials

	19	76	19	77	19		19	79	19	80	19	81
		% Emen		1/		1/		<u>1</u> /		1/		1/
	% Stand	gence	% Stand	Vigor	% Stand	Vigor	% Stand	Vigor	% Stand	Vigor	% Stand	Vigor
Project 7606 Irrigated	;		•									
San Luis		95	90	3	100	1	_	4	95	4	95	4
EPC-119		95	90	2	100	2	-	4	95	4	95	4
EPC-139		85	90	3	100	2	-	4	95	4	95	4
EPC-173		95	90	2	100	2	-	4	95	4	95	4
EPC-259		85	85	2	100	3	-	4	95	4	95	4
PI-236714		85	75	3	100	3	-	-	-	-	-	_
PI-345588		85	80	3	100	4	-	5	95	4	95	4
PI-371694		95	80	3	100	4	-	5	95	4	-	-
Primar		85	75	3	100	2	-	4	95	4	95	4
Project 7604 Dryaland												
San Luis	75		100	3	_	_	95	2	95	2	95	2
EPC-119	50		90	3	-	_	85	2	85	2	95	2
EPC-139	50		90	3	-	_	85	2	85	2	95	2
EPC-173	30		80	4	-	-	85	2	85	2	95	2
EPC-259	35		80	2	-	-	75	2	65	2	-	_
Primar	60		10	4	-	-	75	2	85	2	85	2
Project 7711 Climax												
San Luis			85	2	85	2	75	3	45	3	65	4
EPC-119			75	2	85	3	85	3	45	2	75	4
EPC-173			85	6	15	8	-	-	-	_	-	_
Primar			85	5	55	3	15	8	-	-	15	6

Legend:

 $\underline{1}/$ 1=Excellent 9=Very Poor