**Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)** 

November 2020 SD-FS-CIS FY2020-MEDC

**Conservation Implementation Strategy Project** 

# Medicine Creek Conservation Implementation





The Conservation Implementation Strategy (CIS) is a new phased-in approach to deliver conservation programs to farmers and ranchers across South Dakota. Funding for CIS comes through the Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) and the Agricultural Conservation Easement Program (ACEP). Funding and support from other agencies and groups can be leveraged and coordinated to focus on mutual issues of the highest priority.

For more information, go to:

https://bit.ly/SDNRCS-CIS

#### At-A-Glance

#### **Partners**

Hughes County Conservation District SD Soil Health Coalition United States Forest and Wildlife Service Partners for Wildlife Program Hughes County Commission National Wild Turkey Federation SD State University Extension SD Department of Game Fish and Parks Ducks Unlimited

**Funding** for this project is provided by the EQIP Program and partners with

Contact:
Dillon Blaha
USDA-NRCS
Resource Unit Conservationist
dillion.blaha@usda.gov
(605) 224-8870, Ext. 3



## **Background**

The grasslands in the lower Medicine Creek basin have been declining in soil health and plant productivity due to poor rotations, no rotation, or over grazing. The increase of invasive grasses in rangeland have added to the decline. Most cropland systems no longer have perennial species in the rotation and livestock integration on the cropland is limited due to lack of water sources and fencing.

## Resource Concern(s)

The primary concern is the degraded plant communities. All other resource concerns include plant productivity and health, structure and composition, and organic matter depletion. The terrestrial habitat for wildlife and invertebrates, and production of feed and forage imbalance, will improve as well.

#### Goal

The goal on cropland is to plant perennials and/or integrate livestock on 1,000 acres of cropland or have five operators implement perennials or integrate livestock into their cropland. For

grazing land, the goal is to improve grazing systems and implement Prescribed Grazing on 4,000 acres of grazing land.

### **Desired Results**

The desired results are treating 75 percent of the grazing land to maintain healthy and productive grassland plant communities and soils with a sustainable management system that will benefit a whole host of resource concerns.

Natural
Resources
Conservation
Service